The Crystal Structure of Bis (diethylthiophosphoryl) Diselenide

STEINAR HUSEBYE

Chemical Institute, University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway

The crystal structure of bis(diethylthiophosphoryl) diselenide has been determined, and refined by means of three-dimensional X-ray analyses. The crystals are orthorhombic with a=9.41 Å, b=12.04 Å, c=14.19 Å, Z=4; space group $D_{2h}^{10}-Pccn$. The molecules possess twofold symmetry axes parallel with the c axis midway between the two selenium atoms. Some bond lengths and angles are: Se-Se=2.33 Å, Se-P=2.28 Å, P=S=1.93 Å, \angle Se'-Se-P=106.2°, \angle Se-P-S=104.1°, and the dihedral angle P'Se'Se/Se'SeP=104.5°.

Bis(diethylthiophosphoryl) diselenide was first reported by Kuchen and Knop¹ who from IR spectra assumed that it was the isomeric disulphide, bis(diethylselenophosphoryl) disulphide. Infrared spectra in the low frequency region obtained by the author ² and the fact that sulphur has a greater tendency to form π -bonds and is more difficult to oxidize than selenium, led the author to doubt the correctness of the disulphide structure.

CRYSTAL DATA

Unit cell and space group data were derived from Weissenberg and oscillation photographs; the axial lengths are probably accurate to within 0.5 %. The density was determined in aqueous salt solutions.

Bis(diethylthiophosphoryl) diselenide, (Et)₂P(S)Se—Se(S)P(Et)₂. The crystals are yellow plates $\{010\}$, or truncated pyramids along b with $\{010\}$ the dominant form. They are orthorhombic bipyramidal with a=9.41 Å, b=12.04 Å, c=14.19 Å. There are four formula units in the unit cell; density, calc. 1.65, found 1.64 g/cm³. The space group, from systematic absences, is $D_{2h}^{10}-Pccn$. With eight general positions in the unit cell, the molecule probably possesses a twofold axis of symmetry.

EXPERIMENTAL

The disclenide was prepared by oxidation of sodium diethylthioselenophosphinate with potassium triiodide in aqueous solution as described by Kuchen and Knop.^{1,3} By

Acta Chem. Scand. 20 (1966) No. 1

Table 1. Observed and calculated 0kl, 4kl, and k0l structure factors for bis(diethylthiophosphoryl) diselenide. The absolute values are multiplied by a factor of five.

HKL	₹0	FC	нкі	FO	FÇ.	HKL	FO	FC	HKL	FO	FC
0 2 0	< 94 1494	- 11 -1613	0 6 12	247 89	243 96	4 6 4 4 7 4	428 78	- 423 - 74	4 1 11	248 98	- 227 84
0 6 0	370	348 - 84	0 7 12	105	- 106 - 19	4 8 4	99	- 86 - 39	4 9 11	< 77	47 20
0 10 0	< 67	- 503	0 9 12	< 78	- 109	4 10 4	< 76 328	354	4 5 1 1	158	146
0 17 0	348 198	356 215	0 10 12	< 67 78	41 87	4 11 4	< 77 129	- 126	4 6 11	< 78 82	- 8 92
0 0 z	642	- 763	0 0 14	175	- 141	4 13 4	86	- 102 - 138	4 8 11	< 76 < 71 < 63	- 7 24
0 i ž	890	-1011	0 1 14	99	92			- 49	4 10 11	≥ 63	- 37
U 3 Z	46Z Z43	- 433 - 210	0 2 14	155 87	143 62	4 ! 5 4 Z 5 4 3 5	60 61	56			- 51
0 4 Z 0 5 Z	198 1078	121	0 4 14	124	105 - 136	4 3 5	< 54 < 58	- 3	4 0 12	152 215	- 150 - 226
0 6 Z 0 7 Z	565 158	477	0 6 14	255 100	- 265 - 89	4 5 5	63 208	31 173	4 2 12	< 76	95 - 69
0 e z	276	261	0 8 14	< 67 < 56	- 12	4 7 5	< 72 262	30	4 4 12	142	135
0 9 Z 9 10 Z	418 111	- 365 - 98	.0 9 14		64	4 8 5 4 9 5 4 10 5	< 77 76	- 19	4 5 12 4 6 12 4 7 12	191 172	20Z - 174
0 8 2 0 9 2 0 10 2 0 11 2 0 12 2 0 13 2	247 97	240 - 101	0 0 16	< 75 74 < 74 < 73	32 84	4 10 5	76 < 76	- 77 - 35	4 7 12	106 71	- 111 - 70
0 13 2	< 70	- 166	0 2 16	< 74 ₹ 73	- 14	4 12 5	< 76 233 < 62	- 257 21	4 9 12 4 10 12	79 99	- 81 112
0 14 Z 0 15 Z	188	- 251	0 4 16	101	- 34		447	- 446		153	132
0 0 4	854	- 982	0 6 16	< 66 < 58	- 95 .14	4 0 6	466	459	4 2 13	€ 79	41
0 1 4	319 576	- 303 558	0 7 16	113	i 33	4 Z 6	151 155	136 132	4 3 13	< 79 < 78 < 78	- 26 - 54
0 3 4	210 717	- 155 694	0 0 18	76 < 44	102 27	4 4 6	262 547	245 - 528	4 5 13		- 103 - 62
0 5 4	< 54	36	- , , ,		• •	4 6 6	Z66	- 263	4 7 13	≥ ;;	- 53
0 6 4	863 434	- 873 - 384	4 Z 0	383	- 389	4 7 6	< 76 230	86 48	4 8 13	< 73 < 71 < 64 < 51	7 16
0 8 4	238 173	- 190 - 149	4 6 0	489 736	- 477 670 203	4 9 6	230 190	225 184	4 0 14	222	- 211
0 10 4	492 353	512 357	4 8 0	708 384	203 - 391	4 11 6	165	- 172 - 127	4 14	77	69 47
0 12 4	165	- 138	4 12 0	112	105	4 13 6	< 57	40	4 3 14	< 76 ₹ 76	32
0 13 4	227 149	247 - 165		95	115	4 1 7	154	- 142	4 4 14	< 71	- 64
0 15 4	< 41	10	4 1 1	436 76	- 561 - 48	4 2 7	94 76	- 56	4 6 14	< 61	- 105 34
0 0 6	173 498	- 187 490	4 Z 4 3	< 40 < 47	- 6 13	4 4 7	< 67	- 15 127	4 8 14	< 61 < 48	- 15
0 2 6	101	129	4 5 1	450	382 132	4 6 7	182	- 164	4 1 15	< 72	- 18 - 60
0 7 6	< 54 ZZ9	62 214	4 6 1	163 313	271	4 7 7	166 189	144 - 155	4 3 15	< 70	- 24
0 5 6	423 250	- 396 - 235	4 8 1	₹ 72 ₹ 76	46 31	4 9 7	< 76 < 77 < 73	25	4 4 15	< 70 < 67 < 63	20 40
0 7 6	596 119	561 - 132	4 10 1	77 102	- 69 - 79	4 11 7	< 73	- 44 182	4 6 15	54	59
0 9 6	367 86	359 112	4 12 1	< 76	- 59 - 75	4 12 7	< 49	- 15	4 0 16	< 65 112	23 109
9 11 6	495	- 526	4 13 1	< 76 < 70 < 56	- 35	4 0 8	633	648	4 2 16	< 62	- 11
0 12 6 0 13 6	< 77 228	- 16 - 273	4 0 Z	330	359	4 1 8 4 2 8	105	237 - 94	4 3 16	< 62 < 58 < 52	- 25
0 14 6	57	ı	4 1 2	527 < 36	- 627 13	4 3 8	< 68	28 - 411	4 5 16	. 91	- 118
U 0 8	< 59 334	64 339	4 3 2	148 216	- 145 - 127	4 5 8	230 230	- 227 235	4 31 17	< 43	- zo
0 2 8	349	- 322	4 5 Z	646	599	4 7 8	214	189	200		
0 3 A	150 216	- 186	4 6 Z 4 7 Z	< 61 376	39 354	4 8 8	< 76	47 111	2 0 0 4 0 0	301 542	- 297 519
0 5 B	788 539	- 361 541	4 8 2 4 9 2	116 321	- 111 - 308	4 10 8	219 174	- 239 - 174	6 0 0 8 0 0	1203 290	-1175 271
078	< 76	- 34 204	4 10 Z	94 383	- 98 403	4 IZ 8	82	87	10 0 0	221	- 248 282
0 10 8	< 79 282	27 - 283	4 12 2	110	93 58	4 1 9	255 205	234 - 180	1 0 2	1080	-1214
9 11 9	< 78 < 72	- 68	4 13 Z 4 14 Z	< 69 ≥ 54	44.	4 3 9	< 72	12	202	714	- 686 816
0 12 8	< 72 159	2 184	4 1 3	306	297	4 4 9	< 72 < 74 201	30 - 173	3 0 Z 5 0 Z	884 1031	-1009
0 0 10	689	684	4 2 3	.69 .46	- 28 49	4 6 9	127	106 - 163	6 0 2 7 0 2	459 555	344 494
0 1 10	324 98	- 312 60	4 4 3	< 52 26R	- 16 - 215	4 8 9	< 79	- 17	8 0 Z 9 0 Z	337 273	296 - 270
U 3 10	161	- 163	4 6 3	290	- 215	4 10 9	≥ 77 74	25	10 0 Z	113	- 79
0 4 10	373 304	- 352 274	4 8 3	246 179 < 76	- 219 - 155	4 11 9	78 < 51	- 46	11 0 2	272	283
0 6 10	< 78 ₹ 79	- 7 - 28	4 9 3	< 76 122	- 1	4 0 10	251	269	2 0 4	54 944	- I
0 8 10	104	- 97 - 102	4 11 3	122 77 176	92 185	4 1 10	220 176	- 213 - 170	3 0 4 5 0 4	865 < 76	773
0 10 10	100	- 124	4 13 3	< 68	14	4 3 10	80	- 74	6 0 4	446	427
0 11 10	144	145 156	4 14 3	86		4 4 10	700 241	- 213 241	7 0 4	146 506	- 492
0 0 17	199	- 386	4 0 4	715 88	- 835 - 89	4 6 10	764 79 < 77	294 - 58	9 0 4	267 226	- 240 222
0 1 12	167	- 386 - 152 - 92	4 Z 4	202	191 83	4 8 10	< 77 136	67 155	11 0 4	< 79	- 41
U 3 12	< 79	36	4 4 4	565	548	4 10 10	138	- 148	1 0 6	575 484	534 462
0 4 12	252	233	4 - 5 - 4	766	206	4 11 10	n 3	71	2 4 6	454	402

H	ĸ	L	FO	FC	н	K Ł	FO	FC	н	K	L	FO	FC	н	K I	FO	FC
_	_			~1145	6	0 8	96	- 95	۰	۰	10	91	- 95	z	0 14	209	250
3	0		1078										- 103	•	0 14	< 99	59
- 5	0	6	257	212	7.	0 8	293	- 262	10	0	10	72	- 103				
- :	ō	-	< 91	49		0 8	305	318						,	0 14	165	167
										_	12	350	- 357	6	0 14	88	91
7	0	6	347	- 332	9	0 B	< 93	Z4									- 89
	0	è	240	→ 276	10	0 8	162	- 165	Z	۰	12	< 97	82	7	0 14	78	- 87
					• •						12	165	166				
9	0	6	448	447											0 16	91	80
10		6	154	154		0 10	491	- 459	5		12	236	- 246				
					• "	0 10	122	- 123		0	12	252	234	2	0 16	< 89	- 68
11	0	6	< 68	- 51										•	0 16	223	- 271
					3	0 10	178	147	,		12	175	178	•			
	_	_		622		0 10	294	- 294	8	0	12	< 80	- 7	5	0 16	< 66	51
	٥		597									67	- 94			•	
2	0	8	648	- 679	6	0 10	380	- 403	,	·	12	67	- 74				
	ō		141	54	7	0 10	231	216							0 11	< 53	25
			171	400		0 10	e 94	56		•	14	191	183				

recrystallization from ligroin, yellow plates were obtained. By very slow evaporation

from more dilute ligroin solutions, truncated prisms were obtained.

For the structure determination, the intensities of the 0kl, h0l, and 4kl reflections were estimated visually from zero-layer and equi-inclination Weissenberg photographs. $CuK\alpha$ radiation with $\lambda = 1.5418$ Å was used, and 292 out of 397 reflections within the range $\sin\theta \leq 0.985$ were observed and measured. The least squares refinements were carried out on an IBM 1620 computer. Mair's program 4 with weighting scheme No. 3 was used.

STRUCTURE ANALYSIS

Patterson projections along the a and b axes gave the position of the selenium atom, and indicated the positions of the phosphorus and sulphur atoms in the asymmetric unit. Subsequent Fourier refinements gave the positions of all atoms.

All reflections were then brought to a common scale by comparison between reflections common to two and two layers. The structure was then further refined by means of least squares syntheses. The unobserved reflections were removed from the least squares data, and likewise, the hol reflections also occurring among the 0kl and 4kl data, as those had the lowest observed intensities. Anisotropic temperature factors were applied to selenium, sulphur, and phosphorus.

One of the carbon atoms at an early stage had an abnormally high temperature factor, but after the atom had been moved to a new position based on rotation of the P-C bond, in accordance with the last Fourier maps, the structure rapidly improved. After eight least squares cycles, the structure factors from the three layers were rescaled in relation to each other by comparison of the observed structure factors with the calculated ones. The reflections 0146, 104, 308, and 442, which had very low calculated structure factors, were removed from the data after the twelfth cycle. After the fifteenth and final least squares refinement, the reliability index $R = \sum ||F_o| - |F_c||/\sum |F_o|$ had converged to 0.082 for the material used.

A final structure factor calculation based on the parameter output from the last refinement was then made for all reflections. The R-value for this material, with non-observed reflections included only when F_c exceeds the observable limit, is 0.087. The final observed and calculated structure factors are listed in Table 1. The calculated values are based on atomic scattering factors for selenium and phosphorus by Freeman and Watson,⁵ for sulphur by Dawson,⁶ and for oxygen and carbon by Hoerni and Ibers.⁷ The atomic parameter output from the final least squares refinement is listed in Tables 2 and 3.

Table 2. Atomic coordinates for bis(diethylthiophosphoryl) diselenide, in fractions of cell edges. Origin at a centre of symmetry.

		•	•
	$oldsymbol{x}$	$oldsymbol{y}$	\boldsymbol{z}
Se	0.2538	0.1531	0.1123
S	0.0798	-0.0641	0.1993
P	0.0724	0.0960	0.2066
C,	0.103	0.160	0.325
C.	-0.011	0.127	0.394
C.	-0.085	0.164	0.162
C ₁ C ₂ C ₃ C ₄	-0.135	0.119	0.063

Table 3. Final temperature parameters $\beta_{ij} \times 10^{\circ}$. The expression used is exp $-(h^2\beta_{11} + k^2\beta_{22} + l^2\beta_{23} + kl\beta_{23} + hl\beta_{12} + hk\beta_{12})$.

	β ₁₁	$oldsymbol{eta_{22}}$	β_{33}	β_{23}	$\boldsymbol{\beta}_{13}$	β_{12}
Se S P	7.92 10.84 8.98	4.01 2.29 2.44	5.41 6.97 4.10	-2.10 1.97 -0.26	$egin{array}{c} 1.47 \\ -0.65 \\ -0.71 \end{array}$	-1.14 0.51 -2.27

For the carbon atoms a temperature factor $\exp -B(\sin^2\theta/\lambda^2)$ was used, with B=3.74, 5.35, 3.04, and 4.34 for C_1 , C_2 , C_3 , and C_4 , respectively.

THE BIS(DIETHYLTHIOPHOSPHORYL) DISELENIDE MOLECULE

The crystals are built up of discrete disclenide molecules. Each molecule possesses an exact twofold symmetry axis parallel with c, halfway between the two selenium atoms. A prime is used in the following to denote the equivalent of an atom produced by the operation of this axis.

The bond lengths and angles calculated from the coordinates in Table 2 are shown in Table 4 together with some other interatomic distances. The

Table 4. Bond lengths and angles in bis(diethylthiophosphoryl) diselenide.

Se-Se	$2.334 \pm 0.012 \text{ Å}$	/ Se' - Se - P	$106.2\pm0.5^{\circ}$
Se-P	$2.275 \overline{\pm} 0.011$	$\overline{\angle}$ Se $-$ P $-$ S	104.1 ± 0.5
P-S	1.932 ± 0.011	$\overline{\angle}$ Se-P-C ₁	106.9 ± 1.3
$P-C_1$	1.87 ± 0.04	$\overline{\angle}$ Se $-\mathbf{P}-\mathbf{C_3}$	106.0 ± 1.1
$P-C_3$	1.80 ± 0.04	$\angle S-P-C_1$	116.9 ± 1.3
C_1-C_2	1.51 ± 0.06	$\overline{\angle}$ S-P-C ₃	117.5 ± 1.3
$C_3 - C_4$	1.59 ± 0.05	$\angle C_1 - P - C_3$	104.7 ± 1.7
		$\angle P-C_1-C_2$	111.8 ± 2.9
		$\overline{/} P - C_3 - C_4$	113.6 + 2.5

Other interatomic distances.

Se-S	3.324 Å
$P-C_2$	2.80
$P-C_{A}$	2.84
$C_1 - \tilde{C}_3$	2.91
$C_1 - C_1'$	4.30

Acta Chem. Scand. 20 (1966) No. 1

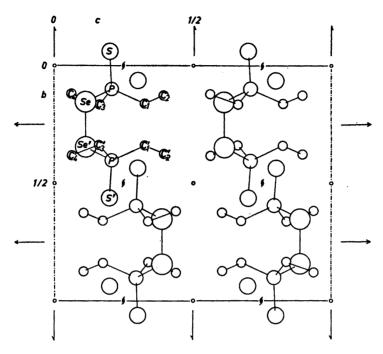


Fig. 1. The molecular arrangement of bis(diethylthiophosphoryl) diselenide seen along the a-axis.

uncertainties in cell edges add to the quoted standard deviations. The shape of the molecule with numbering of atoms is found in Fig. 1.

The Se—Se bond length is 2.33 Å as compared to 2.34 Å, twice the covalent radius of selenium according to Pauling.8 The Se—P bond length is 2.28 Å which is close to the sum, 2.27 Å, of the covalent radii 8 for selenium and phosphorus. For the P=S double bond length, a value of 1.93 Å is found. This is not significantly different from the P=S bond lengths of 1.92 Å and 1.945 Å found in tellurium bis(dimethyldithiophosphate)² and methyl metadithiophosphonate, respectively. The P—C₁ bond length is 1.87 Å while the P—C₂ bond length is 1.80 Å. The C—C bonds are also found to be different, the lengths being 1.51 Å and 1.59 Å. However, the large standard deviations for the P—C and C—C bond lengths show that the differences in the respective bond lengths are insignificant. Within the limit of error, the bonds are of the same length as the respective single bonds.

The $-C_1-P-C_3-C_4$ group is nearly planar, with C_4 being 0.06 Å away from the plane through the other three atoms. C_2 is 1.32 Å away from this plane and the interplanar angle SePS/ C_1 PC₃ is 88.1°. The angle Se'—Se—P is 106.2° and the dihedral angle PSeSe'/SeSe'P' is 104.5°. Both these angles are in good agreement with corresponding selenium valence angles and —Se—Se— dihedral angles cited in a review by Abrahams. ¹⁰

There is no especially short intermolecular contacts. The closest Se-Se, S-S, S-P, and P-P approaches occur across a twofold screw axis and are 6.19, 5.16, 4.84, and 5.39 Å, respectively. The shortest Se-Se contact across a centre of symmetry is 6.72 Å. The packing of the molecules along the a axis is visualized in Fig. 1. The molecules are related through twofold screw axes, centres of symmetry and glide planes.

Acknowledgements. The author wishes to express his thanks to Professor W. Kuchen, Technische Hochschule, Aachen, for a sample of sodium diethylthioselenophosphinate.

REFERENCES

1. Kuchen, W. and Knop, B. Angew. Chem. 76 (1964) 496.

2. Husebye, S. Acta Chem. Scand. 19 (1965) 774.

- 3. Kuchen, W. Private communication.
- 4. Mair, G. A. Structure Factor and Least Squares Program for the IBM 1620, National Research Council, Ottawa, Canada 1963.
- 5. Freeman, A. J. and Watson, R. E. In International Tables of Crystallography, The Kynoch Press, Birmingham 1962, Vol. III, p. 202.

- Dawson, B. Acta Cryst. 13 (1960) 403.
 Hoerni, J. A. and Ibers, J. A. Acta Cryst. 7 (1954) 744.
 Pauling, L. The Nature of the Chemical Bond, 3rd. Ed., Cornell University Press, Ithaca, New York 1960.
- 9. Daly, J. J. J. Chem. Soc. 1964 4065.
- 10. Abrahams, S. C. Quart. Rev. (London) 10 (1956) 407.

Received September 18, 1965.