## The Crystal Structure of Cr<sub>3</sub>B<sub>4</sub>

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number of borides isostructural with Ara, B4 have already been investigated by Andersson and Kiessling 1-3. From his data on Mn<sub>3</sub>B<sub>4</sub> Kiessling 4 concluded that there are boron-boron distances as short as 1.50 Å in this phase and he believed these short boron-boron distances to be present also in the other Me<sub>3</sub>B<sub>4</sub> phases 3. The value 1.5 Å is considerably shorter than any boron-boron distance previously reported. However, the atomic parameters are very uncertain. A reinvestigation of these compounds is therefore being undertaken in order to achieve greater accuracy. The present communication deals with the results obtained for the alloy Cr.B.

Table 1. Atomic parameters in Cr<sub>8</sub>B<sub>4</sub>

```
egin{array}{lll} {
m Cr_I} & {
m in} & 2({
m e}) \\ {
m Cr_{II}} & {
m in} & 4(g) & {
m with} & y = 0.1861 \pm 0.0000_{
m e} \\ {
m B_I} & {
m in} & 4(g) & {
m with} & y = 0.3607 \pm 0.0003 \\ {
m B_{II}} & {
m in} & 4(h) & {
m with} & y = 0.4351 \pm 0.0003 \\ \end{array}
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values (a = 2.984 Å, b = 13.02 Å, c = 2.953 Å).

Å).
The space group *Immm* derived by Kiessling in his study of Ta<sub>3</sub>B<sub>4</sub> was confirmed. The atomic parameters obtained in this investigation for Cr<sub>3</sub>B<sub>4</sub> are given in Table 1 with standard deviations calculated from Cruickshank's formula <sup>7</sup>. The final *R*-value for the 94 independent *hk*0 reflexions was 7.6 %.

Interatomic distances are given in Table 2. Of particular interest are the shortest boron-boron distances, which have a standard deviation of 0.02 Å. The difference between the two shortest non-equivalent boron-boron distances is not signi-

Table 2. Interatomic distances in Cr<sub>3</sub>B<sub>4</sub> shorter than 3 Å.

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\begin{array}{l} Cr_{I} & - Cr_{I} \\ Cr_{I} & - Cr_{II} \\ Cr_{I} & - Cr_{II} \\ Cr_{I} & - B_{I} \\ Cr_{II} & - Cr_{I} \\ Cr_{II} & - Cr_{II} \\ Cr_{II} & - B_{I} \\ Cr_{II} & - B_{II} \end{array}
                             2.952 (2), 2.986 (2)
                                                                                     B_I - Cr_I
                                                                                                           2.35
                                        2.83,
                                                                                                                      (4), 2.27 (1)
                                                                                                           2.952 (2), 2.986 (2)
                             2.35
                             2.26
                                                                                                                      (2)
                             2.83,
                                                                                                                      (4)
                             2.67
                                                                                                                      (2)
                             2.19
                                                                                                                      (2)
                                                                                                                      (1), 2.952 (2), 2.986 (2)
                             2.17
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Experimental. The alloys were prepared by arc-melting mixtures of boron (99.0 %) and chromium (99.9 %) in an atmosphere of purified argon. X-Ray photographs were taken in a Guinier camera with Si as internal standard (a Si = 5.4306 Å) and with CrKq-radiation. The atomic parameters were determined from single crystal data, obtained in a Weissenberg camera with MoKa-radiation. The relative intensities were estimated visually using the multiple film technique and a calibrated intensity scale. The electron density projection o (xy), the structure factors and the scale- and temperature factors were computed and refined on the digital electronic computer BESK with programs available at BESK. The scattering factors according to Watson and Freeman 5 for chromium and Ibers 6 for boron were used.

Results. Within the limits of the experimental errors (estimated to be  $\pm$  0.04%) no lattice parameter variations were observed. The lattice parameters of  $\text{Cr}_3\text{B}_4$  obtained in this investigation (a = 2.986Å) are in excellent agreement with Anderson's and Kiessling's <sup>1</sup>

ficant. Thus it has been shown that in Cr<sub>3</sub>B<sub>4</sub> there exist no such abnormally short boron-boron distances as suggested by Kiessling <sup>3</sup>.

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